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Nonsensus in the Treatment of Proximal Humerus Fractures? An Uncontrolled, Blinded, Comparative Behavioural Analysis Between Homo Chirurgicus Accidentus and Macaca Sylvanus

Dear Mr. Razaean

Thank you for sending us your revisions—they were quite well done as was your organization of responses. However, there are a few more minor aspects I hope you can address. There is a slight time crunch with this, and I am hoping you can provide revisions by next Wednesday

When you return your revised manuscript, please note that The BMJ requires an ORCID ID for corresponding authors of all research articles. If you do not have an ORCID ID, registration is free and takes a matter of seconds.

Yours sincerely,

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Please also respond to these additional comments by the committee:

* Can you combine table s7 and 8? The totals on the Left and the breakdown on the right? Addition of imaging in supplement is useful.

* Please make sure to place the Public and patient involvement statement in the methods section of the paper. The dissemination plan should be more developed as well. Do you plan to share this on social media, present results at conferences, present locally?

*Line 317: Can you take a slightly less aggressive tone and instead of referring anesthetists as enemies, just mention that there is somewhat adversarial tension between the two species, or something like that.

*Text in the Section: Species Analyzed:

"M. Sylvanus, also known as Barbary macaque or colloquially called magot, is the only surviving
297 primate in Africa north of the Sahara desert, the only native species of primate to occur in
298 Europe, and the only member of the genus Macaca that can be found outside Asia. While it
299 has the ability to live in a variety of habitats, this species shows a preference for high-altitude
300 cedar forests, and is also found in oak forests, coastal scrub, and overgrazed rocky slopes
301 with vestigial vegetation. All the areas occupied by the macaque are under growing pressure
302 from human activity, and habitat availability for M. sylvanus has decreased markedly in recent

303 decades.

304 As such, they are listed as endangered by the IUCN (International Union for Conservation of
305 Nature) Red List (143).

306 The Barbary macaque is gregarious, living in social groups of both sexes. Troops can have 10
307 to 100 individuals and are matriarchal, with their hierarchy determined by the lineage of the
308 lead female.

309 Its diet is primarily composed of cedar and the oak, which make up over 50% of its total intake,
310 but fruits, tree leaves, and nuts are also preferred (143). "

Seems to be directly quoted from the listed reference. Please make sure not to directly copy text even if you cite it. Direct text should be reworded and at the very least areas where re-wording isn't possible, quotations should be used.

In your response please provide, point by point, your replies to the comments made by the reviewers and the editors, explaining how you have dealt with them in the paper.