BMJ -Decision on Manuscript ID BMJ.2016. 035852

Body: 27-Mar-2017

Dear Dr. Vong

BMJ.2016.035852 entitled "Developing a situation analysis tool to assess containment of antimicrobial resistance in South East Asia"

Thank you for sending us your article, which we read with interest.

We do not consider it suitable for publication in its present form but if you are able to amend it in the light of our and/or reviewers' comments, we would be happy to consider it again.

The reviewers' comments are at the end of this letter.

The editors' comments are listed below:

Suggestions for ALL articles in the antimicrobial resistance collection:

- We do not expect the article to be an overview of literature or to be exhaustive.
- We would like authors to synthesise this information and present an analytical angle that is engaging and interesting to a general medical readership based all over the world
- We suggest you have a clear central argument for what's required, challenge the status quo, provoke and stimulate, and pull out what is interesting and relevant about this topic for non-specialist readers
- Give as much weight to solutions/way forward as to the issues/problems
- Focus on what's uniquely relevant to the region
- Consider cross-cutting regional approaches: what can the region do together?
- Analysis articles are typically 2000 words in length with

20 references, and we ask that you keep as close to this as possible.

Specific suggestions for this article:

The focus on the paper is how they developed the tool and how it compares to other tools in use. We think our readers will be interested in a broader discussion and suggest revising using the following format:

- 1 Context about AMR and the need for monitoring
- 2 Brief methods
- 3 Critical analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of the current monitoring approaches.
- 4 Outline of the role of tools to support monitoring.
- 5 Analysis of the different tools and their strengths and weaknesses (i.e. all the others that aren't the SEARO tool).
- 6 Brief description of the SEARO tool and what problems it solves
- 7 Recommendations on how monitoring can be improved in the region including recommendations about the tools.

We hope that you will be able to revise the paper and send it back within three weeks. When submitting your revised manuscript please provide a point by point response to our comments and those of any reviewers.

Please note that resubmitting your manuscript does not guarantee eventual acceptance, and that your resubmission may be sent again for review.

Once you have revised your manuscript, go to https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/bmj and login to your Author Center. Click on "Manuscripts with Decisions," and then click on "Create a Resubmission" located next to the

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I hope you will find the comments useful. Please don't hesitate to contact me if you wish to discuss this further.

Yours sincerely

Navjoyt Ladher nladher@bmj.com

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Please see our policy and the unified Competing Interests form http://resources.bmj.com/bmj/authors/editorial-policies/competing-interests. Please state any competing interests if they exist, or make a no competing interests declaration.

Reviewer(s)' Comments to Author:

Reviewer: 1

Recommendation:

Comments:

The paper provides some useful information, although I believe it would be of interest to a small audience. I would not rate it as having a high importance for publication, as it could be made available on the WPRO website, for instance.

Additional Questions:

Please enter your name: Hellen Gelband

Job Title: Associate Director for Policy

Institution: Center for Disease Dynamics, Economics &

Policy

Reimbursement for attending a symposium?: No

A fee for speaking?: No

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Reviewer: 2

Recommendation:

Comments:

n this article, the authors have described the development of a situation analysis tool to assess the achievements in containing antimicrobial resistance (AMR) with special focus on the developing countries in South East Asia.

With the rise in antimicrobial resistance and the lack of new approved antimicrobials, it has become imperative to be judicious in the prescription and consumption of antimicrobials. In this context, containment of AMR is utmost important and any attempt to understand this menace at multiple levels (global, national and local) is welcome. WHO has been at the forefront in this war against raising AMR and has initiated several studies to evaluate the prevalence and spread of AMR across the globe. Also, several guidelines have been released and AMR assessment tools have been developed for implementation over a period of time.

The proposed situation analysis tool is worth

implementing and the WHO team has identified six major indicators for system wide evaluation. Further, each of the indicators have been sub-classified to capture the information for robust data analysis and successful implementation of the Global action plan to contain AMR. The tool under discussion is aimed to cater to the development and implementation of the National Action plans with regards to the containment of AMR. Additionally, the tool overcomes the limitations of the previous 2 AMR containment tools i.e. Country situation analysis (CSA) and the Joint External Evaluation (JEE). However, the authors have not shared in detail any information about the limitations of this tool. Incorporation of the data from the pilot testing is recommended? What were the difficulties and the challenges they have come across during pilot testing? How well did the proposed tool fare in performance when compared to the previous 2 tools? In page 3, line 12 appears to be a repetition of the

sentence from the previous paragraph. Also, on page 5, line 42, font size is different from the rest of the manuscript.

The above mentioned comments are minor in nature and the manuscript may be approved.

Additional Questions:

Please enter your name: Bulagonda Eswarappa Pradeep

Job Title: Assistant Professor

Institution: Sri Sathya Sai Institute of Higher Learning

Reimbursement for attending a symposium?: No

A fee for speaking?: No

A fee for organising education?: No

Funds for research?: No

Funds for a member of staff?: No

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If you have any competing interests (please see BMJ policy) please declare them here: I am working on the prevalence and spread of antimicrobial resistance among clinically isolated bacterial pathogens. My group is invoI am workinlved in development of in-silico tools for the prediction of antibiotic resistance.

Date 27-Mar-2017 Sent: