PRACTICE OBSERVED

POLICIES ON ANTIBIOTICS OF SOUTH-EAST LONDON GENERAL PRACTITIONERS FOR MANAGING ACUTE OTITIS MEDIA IN CHILDREN

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Abstract: Questionnaires on antibiotic treatment of acute otitis media in children were sent to general practitioners in South-East London in 1984. Of the 500 questionnaires sent out, 256 were returned. The incidence of using amoxicillin alone or in combination with an antipyretic was higher than that for other antibiotics. The use of amoxicillin alone was markedly reduced after the findings of the Community Asthma and Allergy in South-East London (C.A.A.S.E.L.) study were publicised. However, the use of amoxicillin remained high after the findings of the study were publicised. This may be due to the fact that the study was not conducted in the same setting and that the results were not disseminated in the same way. The use of amoxicillin alone was markedly reduced after the findings of the Community Asthma and Allergy in South-East London (C.A.A.S.E.L.) study were publicised. However, the use of amoxicillin remained high after the findings of the study were publicised. 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