

regret to his friends. His kindness was proverbial. A couple of years ago he showed symptoms of nephritis, and a severe attack of uraemia followed, but he rallied after some time. The disease, however, continued its progress, and ended in his death, to the great regret of a large circle of patients and friends.

ROBERTS BARTHOLOW, M.D., LL.D.,
Philadelphia.

WE regret to announce the death of Dr. Roberts Bartholow, Emeritus Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, and recognized throughout the medical world as an authority on therapeutics. He was born in Maryland in 1831, and, after graduating in arts at Calvert College, he studied medicine in the University of Maryland, taking his doctor's degree in 1852. He joined the medical staff of the United States army in 1856, and after serving for eight years accepted the professorship of the practice of medicine in the Medical College of Ohio at Cincinnati. In 1879 he migrated to Philadelphia, and was appointed to the Chair of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the Jefferson Medical College. Dr. Bartholow was the author of *A Practical Treatise on Materia Medica and Therapeutics* and of a treatise on *Practice of Medicine*, both of which were very successful and brought him wide reputation. The former of these works is now in its eleventh edition, while the latter has been translated into Japanese. He was also the author of lectures on the *Antagonism between Medicines and between Remedies and Diseases* delivered in New York in 1880, of a treatise on hypodermic medication, etc.

DR. GEORGE KARAMITSAS, Professor of Medicine in the University of Athens, died on May 2nd. He was born at Mitylene in the island of Lesbos in 1834, and studied at the University of Athens. After completing his studies he proceeded to Wurzburg where he graduated in 1858. In 1870 he qualified as Lecturer in Pathological Anatomy, and in 1875 he was appointed Professor of Nosology and soon afterwards head of the Municipal Hospital of Athens. In 1883 he was appointed head of the Medical Clinic of the University. He founded a medical journal entitled *Asklepios*. He translated Niemeyer's treatise on *Special Pathology and Therapeutics* into Greek, and was the author of a number of original works on malaria, blackwater fever, and leprosy.

WE regret to announce the death of Dr. GILLES DE LA TOURETTE, which occurred a day or two ago at Lausanne. About four years ago he was disabled by a stroke of apoplexy brought on, it was considered, by overwork. He has since lived in the greatest retirement, but has succumbed to a further haemorrhage. He was a *professeur agrégé* of the Paris Faculty, and a hospital physician. He was a favourite pupil of Charcot, whom he assisted for many years at the Salpêtrière. He had won for himself a high reputation as a neurologist, and was the author of many valuable contributions to medical literature and the editor of the superb *Iconographie Médicale de la Salpêtrière*.

DEATHS IN THE PROFESSION ABROAD.—Among the members of the medical profession in foreign countries who have recently died are Dr. Camille Miot, of Paris, one of the pioneers of otology in France and author of numerous writings on subjects pertaining to that department of medical practice, age 66; Dr. W. F. Holcombe, sometime Professor of Ophthalmology and Otology in the University of New York; Dr. A. B. Arnold, formerly Professor of Medicine and Neurology at Baltimore; Dr. Francois Jouon, Professor of Anatomy in the Medical School of Nantes; and Dr. C. Rouget, Emeritus Professor of Physiology in the University of Montpellier.

A CORRECTION.—Fleet Surgeon C. Marsh Beadnell, R.N., writes to point out some errors in a notice appearing in the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL of May 21st, p. 1226, relative to his promotion. (1) He entered the navy medical service on May 13th, 1896 not 1886. (2) He was specially promoted to staff surgeon on May 2nd, 1900. (3) His staff surgeon's commission on May 2nd, 1900, was antedated in 1903 to May 2nd, 1896. (4) By a special Order in Council the antedated staff surgeon's commission was altered from May 2nd, 1896, to May 13th, 1896, the date of his entry into the service. It was said he could not have his commission dated on a date prior to his entry into the service. (5) He was promoted to fleet surgeon on May 13th, 1904.

ROYAL ARMY AND NAVY MEDICAL SERVICES.

ROYAL NAVY MEDICAL SERVICE.

FLEET SURGEON JOHN DOWSON is placed on the Retired List May 14th. He was appointed Surgeon, February 11th, 1884, and Fleet Surgeon, February 11th, 1900.

Fleet Surgeon HENRY HARRIES has been placed on the Retired List at his own request, May 21st. He joined as Surgeon, February 11th, 1884, and was made Fleet Surgeon, February 11th, 1900. He served with the Naval Brigade in the expedition against the Sultan of Vitu, in East Africa, 1890, was the Senior Medical Officer of the advanced Guard during the night attack of October 25th, and was commended by his commanding officer for his treatment of the wounded (mentioned in dispatches, medal with clasp).

The following appointments have been made at the Admiralty: JAMES D. C. MILLEN, Surgeon, to Haslar Hospital, May 27th; HUGH W. MACNAMARA, Fleet Surgeon, to the *Impregnable*, June 1st; SAMUEL W. VASEY, Fleet Surgeon, to the *President*, for hospital course, May 19th; EDWARD C. CRIDLAND, M.B., Staff Surgeon, to the *Forte*, May 19th; WALTER J. BEARBLOCK, Staff Surgeon, to the *Northampton*, May 19th; HUGH L. NORRIS, Surgeon, to Haslar Hospital, May 23rd; HENRY WOODS, M.B., Surgeon, to the *Andromache*, for the *Onyx*, lent, May 19th.

ARCHIBALD L. PENLAND-SMITH, civil practitioner, has been appointed Surgeon and Agent at Elie, May 16th.

ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

ROBERT M. LITTLER, F.R.C.S., has been appointed Surgeon, and attached to the Mersey Division, May 17th.

Honorary Surgeon C. O. B. HARDING to be Honorary Staff Surgeon, and attached to the Sussex Division, May 17th.

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.

EXCHANGE.

The charge for inserting notices respecting Exchanges in the Army Medical Department is 3s. 6d., which should be forwarded in stamps or post-office order with the notice, not later than Wednesday morning, in order to ensure insertion in the current issue.

A SENIOR MAJOR with about twelve months more time at home is willing to exchange to Punjab or Bengal command.—Apply, A.B.C., c.o. Messrs, Holt and Co., 3, Whitehall Place, London, S.W.

MAJOR R.A.M.C., with some time at home, wishes for an exchange to the Punjab, part tour preferred.—Address, No. 2591, BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL Office.

Colonel J. M. BEAMISH, M.D., Principal Medical Officer, Allahabad and Nerbudda Districts, Bengal Command, is appointed to officiate as Principal Medical Officer, Bengal, with the temporary rank of Surgeon-General, from March 30th.

Lieutenant-Colonel T. B. MOFFITT is granted the temporary rank of Colonel while officiating as Principal Medical Officer, Allahabad and Nerbudda Districts.

Lieutenant N. E. DUNKERTON, from the Seconded List, to be Lieutenant, May 2nd.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. KEAYS has been selected for the appointment of Principal Medical Officer, Third Division, First Army Corps, vice Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Kirkpatrick.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. L. LANE, M.B., whose retirement was announced in the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL of May 14th, holds the Queen's medal for service in South Africa, with three clasps.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

GOVERNMENT RESTRICTIONS ON MEDICAL FEES.

THE following extraordinary order has just been issued by the Government of India:

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be substituted for paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Home Department Notification No. 437, dated July 25th, 1893, amended by the Home Department Notifications of 1900 and 1901 regarding the remuneration of medical officers for attendance on native chiefs and nobles and native gentlemen of high position in a native State. The native chief or gentleman may offer any medical officer of the Government attending him such fee as he thinks fit to make, and it will be reported by the medical officer to the political agent or other officer of the Government exercising political functions in the State of which the said chief, noble, or gentleman is a resident, for the consideration of the local government within whose jurisdiction the native State is situated. This report will state the period during which he was in attendance, and the number of visits paid. The medical officer will at the same time submit to the administrative medical officer or inspector-general of hospitals, to whom he is subordinate, a full medical statement of the case, showing the nature and extent of the relief afforded, the importance of the case from a professional point of view, and the circumstances in which he attended the patient. The local government is required to satisfy itself that the fee proposed is not out of proportion to the relief afforded and to the circumstances of the case, and has authority to sanction the acceptance of a fee not exceeding Rs. 2,000. In considering these questions it will, if necessary, refer to the administrative medical officer or inspector-general of civil hospitals as the case may be. If the proposed fee exceeds this sum, the matter will be submitted with a full report by the local government for consideration and orders of the Government of India. The reports prescribed in the preceding paragraph will not be required from a medical officer when the fee does not exceed Rs. 50 a visit, or Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate, for repeated visits in the course of a year.

This order may be looked at from several points of view.