

JOHN DAVIES HARRIES, M.R.C.S., L.S.A.,

Consulting Surgeon to the Salop Infirmary, Shrewsbury.

THE death of Mr. J. D. Harries of Shrewsbury was briefly announced in our last issue. We are now able to publish the following brief notice of his life and character written by an old colleague:

With every token of sincere sympathy and regret we have just paid our last act of respect to the memory of our old friend and colleague, John Davies Harries, who, after only a few days' illness, succumbed to an attack of pneumonia and heart trouble on November 30th last. Although for some years Mr. Harries had shown some signs of cardiac failure, and had not been robust in health, he worked up to the last, and how many sorrowing friends he has left was evidenced by the large assemblage in St. Chad's Church to take part in the funeral service. This was attended by the mayor, corporation, and officials of the borough, by nearly every medical man in the town and district, and by a large number of old patients and friends.

Mr. Harries, born in Shrewsbury 66 years ago, was educated there, and, after an apprenticeship to the late Mr. Keate, became a student of King's College, London. He qualified in 1857, and, settling in practice in his native town, was in 1860 elected to the surgical staff of the Salop Infirmary. Although at the time considered young for the appointment, his energy and skill soon justified the governors in their confidence, and, after thirty years service, he retired and was appointed Honorary Surgeon, carrying with him the well-earned good wishes of the governors, his colleagues, and patients.

He was a member of the old Shropshire Scientific Branch of the British Medical Association, and, on its amalgamation with the Ethical in 1876, became one of its first members. He was a member of the Branch Council from 1879, and its President in 1886. At the time of his death he had been its representative on the Central Council since 1888, and on the Parliamentary Bills Committee since 1894. Although living so far from London, he was a regular attendant at the meetings of these bodies, and always ready to represent the views of his Branch.

He was an alderman of the borough, of whose council he had been a member for 25 years; he had also been a magistrate for 23 years, and Surgeon to the County Gaol for 41 years. A widower at the time of his death, he leaves four daughters to mourn the loss of a most affectionate father, his only son, a surgeon of great promise, having died at an early age.

Mr. Harries had long enjoyed a large private practice, the last eleven years in partnership with Mr. John Gray. He was of a retiring disposition, sometimes perhaps rather brusque in manner, due more to the harassing nature of his occupation and not overgood health than anything else; but many can recall acts of unostentatious charity and good nature. Always a welcome guest at any public or social function, full of anecdote, droll, amusing, and good company, we, his professional *confrères*, who have also so recently had to follow Kope and Churnley to early graves, cut off in the full vigour of their work, will long cherish the memory of John Davies Harries, and regret his loss.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL CLARK, M.D., F.F.P.S.G.,

Medical Superintendent, County of Lanark Asylum.

We regret to announce the death of Dr. Campbell Clark, which took place at his residence, Hartwood, on November 23th. Dr. Clark had been in declining health during the last year, having had a somewhat severe attack of influenza, which was followed by visceral complications to which he eventually succumbed.

Dr. Clark was a distinguished student at the University of Edinburgh, where he took his degree of M.D. with honours in 1886. After having been for a few months Assistant Medical Officer at the Melrose Asylum, he joined the staff at Morningside, under Dr. Clouston. At a comparatively early age he was appointed Medical Superintendent of the Glasgow District Asylum at Bothwell, where he soon distinguished himself by original research and literary work, and where he laid the foundation of his reputation as one of the foremost alienist physicians of the day. While Superintendent of the Both-

well Asylum he was chosen for the superintendency of the new asylum for the county of Lanark, to be built at Hartwood, and he was for several years engaged in connection with the plans of the new asylum and in the superintendence of its erection and equipment. The asylum, which was opened about six years ago, remains a monument to his genius for organisation and to his mastery of the principles governing the humanitarian treatment of the insane. In the happy combination of simplicity of design, adaptation of means to ends, and economy of construction, Hartwood Asylum is almost unique. Dr. Clark was the pioneer of the latter-day movement for the scientific training of attendants upon the insane, and was joint author of a practical manual on the subject.

Dr. Clark's contributions to medical science were varied and important, and always characterised by originality. His Essay upon the Etiology, Pathology, and Treatment of Puerperal Insanity, published in the *Journal of Mental Science*, embodies clinical observations of abiding value, and his work in connection with experimental dietetics in lunacy practice was of the most brilliant character. His *magnum opus*, however, was *A Clinical Manual of Mental Diseases*, published in 1897. He held the post of Lecturer on Psychological Medicine at St. Mungo's College, Glasgow, and was President of the Caledonian Medical Society which held its Annual Meeting in Glasgow in August last. The fact that it was prepared on a sick bed lent a pathetic interest to his presidential address on that occasion. Dr. Clark was a man of generous character and wide sympathies, and his death will be deplored as a personal loss by a large circle of friends, and in the wider circle of those to whom he had held out a helping hand in time of distress and adversity.

We regret to announce the death of DR. JENKIN LLOYD, of Bethesda, which occurred on November 20th. He was born in 1853 at Llanddeiniol, Cardiganshire, being one of a large and gifted family, the head of which, his aged father, survives to mourn his loss. After a brilliant career at the University of Glasgow he graduated M.B., and C.M. in 1881, and then entered on practice at Blaenau Festiniog. After some years he went to Bethesda, in the first place as assistant to Dr. Hughes. In 1891 he married Miss Williams, of Carnarvon, the niece of Dr. Hughes and daughter of Ioan Mai, a well-known bard and writer. Dr. Lloyd was an ardent Welshman, and himself an excellent bard. His death was very sudden. He left home on the morning of November 20th to attend to his professional duties, at 11 A.M. he returned complaining of feeling ill; he rapidly became unconscious and died at 6 P.M. He was universally beloved; the kindly, observant eye, the gentle and skilful touch, the sympathetic heart that ministered and soothed in sickness and sorrow will be sorely missed by rich and poor alike.

MR. BERNARD CHARLES KENDALL, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of Helston, died after a very short illness on October 24th, in the 36th year of his age. He was born at Weymouth, and was the son of Surgeon-Major Bernard Kendall (Retired), of the Indian Army. He was educated at Clifton College, and commenced his professional studies in the University College, Bristol, and continued them at Guy's Hospital and the Rotunda Hospital, Dublin. After taking the diplomas of M.R.C.S. and L.R.C.P., he held a junior surgical post in the Bristol Royal Infirmary, and in 1895 began practice in Helston, where he had won high esteem both by his private character and his professional ability. He was medical officer and public vaccinator for the Wendon District of the Helston Union, and joint medical officer of the Helston Dispensary. For three years he had been Councillor in the Corporation of Helston. He was married in April, 1899, to the second daughter of Mr. E. P. Kendall, of Helston, who is left with two children, the youngest only a few weeks old.

DR. JOHN ELIOTT WOODBRIDGE of Cleveland, whose views concerning the treatment of typhoid fever at one time brought his name prominently before the profession in the United States, died recently of heart disease at Bad Nauheim. Dr. Woodbridge, who was about 55 years old, acted as a volunteer surgeon during the Spanish-American war.