

Obituary

SIR MAURICE CRAIG, C.B.E., M.D., F.R.C.P.

Consulting Physician in Psychological Medicine at Guy's Hospital

The death of Sir Maurice Craig occurred, after an illness of some length, on Sunday, January 6th, at his home at Salona, East Preston, near Littlehampton. He had recovered his health and activity after his severe and prolonged illness of several years ago to a remarkable degree, but when he fell ill again this winter it was evident that recovery could scarcely be hoped for.

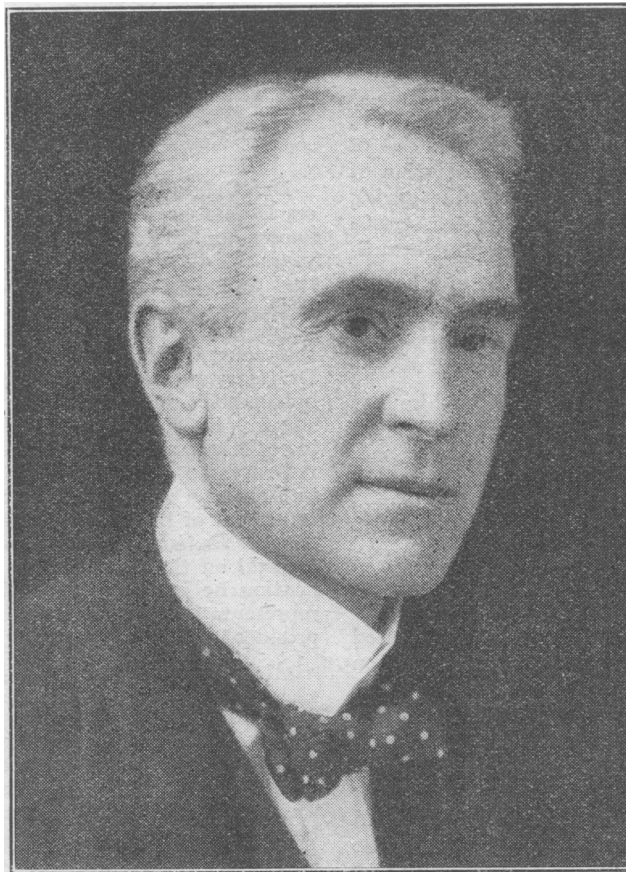
Sir Maurice was born in 1866, the son of Dr. William Simpson Craig, who was himself interested in psychological medicine. Having begun his education at Bedford Grammar School, he went to Caius College, Cambridge, and graduated with a first-class in the natural sciences tripos in 1887. He then went as a student to Guy's Hospital and took his M.R.C.S. in 1891 and his M.B., B.Ch. in 1892: he became a member of the College of Physicians in 1897 and was elected a Fellow in 1906. Before he gave himself entirely to private practice his experience of psychological medicine was gained principally at Bethlem Royal Hospital, where he was finally senior assistant medical officer. In 1900 he gained the Gaskell gold medal of the Medico-Psychological Society with his paper on "Blood Pressure in the Insane." In 1906, after lecturing elsewhere in mental disease for some years, he was appointed physician for psychological medicine to Guy's Hospital in succession to Sir George Savage. In the ensuing twenty years, during which he held the position of physician to the hospital and lecturer to the medical school, he built up what

was probably the largest consulting practice of his time in the specialty which he practised. In addition, he held during the war the rank of lieutenant-colonel, R.A.M.C., and did much work in connexion with soldiers disabled from mental disease and shell shock. Subsequently he was a member of the War Office Committee on Shell Shock, and consulting neurologist to the Ministry of Pensions. For his services he was awarded the C.B.E. in 1919, and in 1921 he received a knighthood.

Craig's public services were notable: he was chairman of the Mental After-Care Association and Governor of the Royal Hospitals of Bethlem and Bridewell, and since his retirement from the active staff of Guy's Hospital he devoted much time and enthusiasm to his chairmanship of the Governors of the Harpur Trust of the Bedford schools. But perhaps the body he regarded with most solicitude, and of which he was virtually the parent, was the National Council for Mental Hygiene, founded by himself and six or seven others in 1922. He became

chairman in 1928, having deputized for Lord Southborough for some time previously. In 1930 he took part in the International Congress in Washington and was made vice-chairman of the International Committee for Mental Hygiene. It was a great satisfaction to him to realize that this project was bearing fruit in various lines of activity and was spreading ideals of prevention in mental disease. It was largely by his efforts that the interest of His Royal Highness the Duke of Kent was obtained, with the result that the Duke became President in 1933. Another project that owed much to Craig's foresight was the Cassel Hospital at Penshurst in Kent. Having heard that Sir Ernest Cassel desired to give a large sum of money for some pioneer work in medicine, he decided to urge the erection of a hospital for educated people who were not well off and who were suffering from nervous disorders. His interest had been stimulated by his experience during the war in shell-shock cases.

He drew Sir Ernest's attention to the occurrence of such cases in civil life, with the result that the Cassel Hospital was opened in 1921: Craig continued up to the time of his last illness as chairman of the Medical Committee. The success of the hospital for which he had seen the urgent need gratified him immensely, although its development proceeded along lines other than he had originally envisaged; but he was the first to recognize the wisdom of this development and to appreciate the unique value of the hospital's contribution under Dr. T. A. Ross's direction. Among his many other activities Craig was Bradshaw lecturer of the College of Physicians in 1924, and Maudsley lecturer to the Royal Medical Psychological Association in 1922, and his colleagues honoured him by electing him president of the Section of Neurology and



Psychological Medicine of the British Medical Association in 1925 and again at the Centenary Meeting in 1932. In 1928-9 he was president of the Psychiatric Section of the Royal Society of Medicine; he was also examiner in psychological medicine for the Universities of London and Cambridge and for the Royal College of Physicians.

Craig's achievements were many and his work varied; his success was great. All ranks of society found in him an adviser whom they liked and implicitly trusted, and his popularity was somehow of the type that avoided provoking envy. He bore his honours with modesty and was outwardly at least quite unmoved by them. The success which attended the schemes in which he sank his identity in the common weal pleased him beyond measure. His colleagues at Guy's found in him a constant and trusted friend. Those who worked with him on committees were often thankful for his business ability and his sense of fitness. His students enjoyed his distinguished appearance and the tasteful neatness of his dress—he

looked so much the part. But only those who were happy enough to have his closer friendship knew what idealism, what loyalty and kindness of heart, and what courage lay underneath his charming and urbane exterior.

[The photograph reproduced is by Elliott and Fry, Ltd.]

WILLIAM ARTHUR EVELYN, M.D.

We regret to announce the death on January 6th, in his seventy-fifth year, of Dr. W. A. Evelyn of Water End, Clifton, York. Educated at Cambridge, where he took his B.A. degree in 1882, he went to St. Thomas's Hospital, receiving his medical training there and later at Vienna. He obtained the M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. in 1887, the M.B.Cantab. in the same year, and graduated M.D. in 1891. At one time house-physician to the Brompton Hospital, Dr. Evelyn held the post of medical referee to several insurance companies. He first went to York in January, 1891, and it was there that he practised for nearly forty-five years, becoming senior member of the medical staff of the County Hospital. His interests were by no means confined to medical practice, and one of his keenest activities was the preservation of York and its antiquities. In a description of a meeting of the York City Council, published in the *Yorkshire Herald* of January 8th, the Lord Mayor, in moving a resolution of condolence with Dr. Evelyn's family, is reported as saying that the people of York were very grateful for the service Dr. Evelyn had rendered towards the welfare and beautifying of the city: they did not always agree with him, but everyone recognized the honesty of his spirit and the love he had for the city of his adoption.

Dr. PETER MACDONALD writes:

A notable figure in the medical life of Yorkshire has passed away in the person of William Arthur Evelyn, who for so many years was a general medical practitioner in the city of York. Always liked and also respected for his professional abilities as well as for his personality, he came to be regarded later on in his career as the leader of the profession in and around the city. He stood, as few men anywhere have done, for the solidarity of the medical profession and for harmonious professional relations. It can fairly be said that his influence contributed largely towards making the members of the profession within a wide environment recognize that it is in the best interests of all that they should also be members of a happy family. Those of us who are of the older generation have, I fancy, noticed the change in this respect which has appeared generally in the profession during our lifetime, but there are not many places which have had such a figure as that of Evelyn to give an impetus to the good work.

For many years Evelyn was senior member of the honorary staff of the York County Hospital and chairman of the Medical Board. I remember one occasion when he was invited to open an addition to the Nurses' Home. The nursing staff seized the opportunity spontaneously to make a small personal presentation to him, which was given to the "beloved physician," and this was characteristic of the feeling entertained for him at the hospital. Keenly alive to the need for professional organization, he was an invaluable committee man, assiduous in his attendance until ill-health interfered—indeed, a little intolerant at times of those who did not attend so regularly or so punctually. He never shirked work, and was a more than useful member of the local Division of the British Medical Association, occupying the post of chairman from 1922 to 1924. He was chairman of the Panel Committee for many years, and held the office of president of the York Medical Society. Outside his work he was an archaeologist of no little knowledge. The ancient architectural beauties

of the city of York made for him an ideal setting, and he regarded the preservation of these beauties as his special province. The modern vandalism which, here as elsewhere, has destroyed so much of interest and beauty, rather embittered his last years.

In his young days he was no mean athlete, and was captain of the Old Carthusians in their palmy days, when the Walters brothers, who played in the team, were names to conjure with in the Association football world.

Dr. ROBERT WHINERAY LEEMING of Kendal died on December 19th, 1934, at the age of 75. He studied medicine at the Universities of Cambridge and Edinburgh, and qualified M.R.C.S. and L.S.A. in 1883. In the following year he graduated M.B.Cantab., and proceeded M.D. in 1891. He had practised in Kendal for fifty-two years, succeeding his father, who also practised in Kendal for over forty years. Father and son lived in the same house for nearly a century. For twenty-one years Dr. Leeming was surgeon to the Westmorland County Hospital. When he resigned in 1926, after forty-three years' service as medical officer to the Kendal Union, he received a public presentation. He retired from the position of police surgeon two years ago.

Dr. GEORGE MONTAGU HARSTON, who died at Putney on December 21st, 1934, at the age of 61, was a well-known ophthalmic specialist in Hong-Kong for many years. Educated at Charing Cross Hospital, he obtained the diplomas M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. in 1898, graduated M.B. London in 1904, and proceeded to the M.D. five years later: in 1914 he received the diploma in ophthalmology of Oxford. Going out to Hong-Kong Dr. Harston quickly built up a considerable general and ophthalmic practice, and was appointed ophthalmic surgeon to the Tung Wa Hospital; he was also lecturer in ophthalmology to the University. He subsequently returned to England, and began a consulting practice in London. Among his publications were a book on the treatment of European children in the Tropics and articles to the *British Medical Journal* and the *China Medical Journal* on the treatment of trachoma. Soon after qualification he joined the British Medical Association, was a representative in the Representative Body in 1914, and president of the Hong-Kong Branch in 1924-5.

The death took place on December 30th, 1934, at his residence, Bruntsfield Terrace, Edinburgh, of Dr. GEORGE WILSON GALLETTY, who for many years was a well-known practitioner on the south side of Edinburgh. Dr. Galletty was born in Fife, and after a medical course at Edinburgh University graduated M.B., C.M. in 1882. He is survived by his son, Dr. Alexander Galletty, who is engaged in obstetrical and gynaecological practice in London.

Dr. MARY MARGARET O'LEARY, who was lost overboard during a Christmas cruise in the Mediterranean, was well known in Dublin and Ireland generally for her devoted work in connexion with child welfare schemes. Dr. O'Leary received her medical education in Galway and Dublin, where she graduated M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., with honours in 1915, and obtained the D.P.H. in 1923. She had held the appointments of medical officer to the maternity and child welfare department of Manchester, anaesthetist to Dr. Steevens's Hospital, Dublin, medical officer, attached R.A.M.C., to the King George V Hospital, Dublin, assistant medical superintendent to the Cork Street Fever Hospital, and, latterly, assistant medical officer of health in Dublin. Elected a member of the British Medical Association in 1931, she was a Representative of the Dublin Division at the Annual Meeting of the Association at Bournemouth last year. She had recently been in poor health.