

Obituary.

CLEMENT DUKES, M.D., F.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.,
Consulting Physician to Rugby School.

We regret to announce that Dr. Clement Dukes died at his residence in Rugby on January 18th, at the age of 79. The son of the Rev. Clement Dukes, he was born in London in 1845, and became a student at St. Thomas's Hospital. He obtained the M.R.C.S. diploma in 1867; in 1869 he graduated M.B., B.S.Lond., with honours and a gold medal, and proceeded M.D. in 1876. After holding appointments at St. Thomas's Hospital, Great Ormond Street Hospital, the City Chest Hospital, and Moorfields Ophthalmic Hospital, he succeeded Dr. Farquharson as medical officer of Rugby School in 1871, and served under four head masters. When he retired from this post in 1908 he was appointed consulting physician to the school. During those thirty-seven years he acquired a world-wide reputation as a pioneer in promoting the health of public schoolboys, and as an authority on the hygiene of adolescence. His book *Health at School* is now in its fourth edition, and his *Essentials of School Diet* in its second edition. He also contributed articles on school health to *Morris's Book of Health*, and on the hygiene of youth to *Allbutt's System of Medicine*.

Dr. Dukes also won a well deserved reputation as a specialist in skin diseases. He contributed articles on scarlet fever and rubella to the *Encyclopaedia of Medicine*, and in 1900 he published in the *Lancet* an article entitled "On the confusion of two diseases under the name of rubella (rose rash)." In this article he suggested that under the term "rubella" two etiologically and pathologically distinct infections were included. To the new disease thus brought to light he attached the title "the fourth disease," in consequence of its resemblance to scarlet fever, measles, and r6theln. His conclusions attracted wide interest and were the subject of much discussion. He was awarded the Howard medal of the Royal Statistical Society in 1884; in 1911 he obtained the Bisset-Hawkins medal of the Royal College of Physicians, and he received the silver medal of the French Society of Hygiene. His other offices included those of justice of the peace for the county of Warwick, honorary consulting physician to the Hospital of St. Cross, medical referee to the Workmen's Compensation and Mental Deficiency Acts, and he had held the rank of surgeon colonel (V.D.) of the South Midland Brigade and the 2nd Volunteer Battalion of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment. He was chairman of the Northamptonshire Division of the British Medical Association in 1906, and president of the South Midland Branch in 1912.

Dr. NOEL STUART WHITTON died at his residence, Clyde Road, Fendalton, Christchurch, N.Z., on November 28th, 1924, after an illness of ten days' duration. He was born in Oamaru, N.Z., on December 9th, 1890. He was educated at Waitaki High School, and subsequently at Otago University, where he graduated M.B., Ch.B. in 1915. After spending a few months as house-surgeon at Hamilton Hospital he came to England, where he joined the R.A.M.C. In October of the same year he went to France as surgeon to the 9th Sussex Regiment. In France he was present at the battle of Loos and several subsequent engagements. He gained the Military Cross and was twice mentioned in dispatches. Subsequently he served in Mesopotamia and Palestine. He returned to New Zealand at the conclusion of peace, and joined the staff of the Christchurch Hospital as house-surgeon. A year later he again went to London for a post-graduate course; on his return to New Zealand he was appointed assistant surgeon to the Christchurch Hospital in the ear, nose, and throat department. In 1922 he married Miss Enid Taylor. He leaves a widow and one son. He was a member of the Canterbury Division of the British Medical Association.

We regret to record the sudden death, on January 10th, of Dr. PHILIP PREBBLE, a much respected Lancashire practitioner. He was a native of Blackburn, and studied medicine at the Universities of Aberdeen and Manchester. He

graduated M.B., C.M.Aberd. in 1895, and soon afterwards returned to Blackburn. He was physician to the Blackburn and East Lancashire Royal Infirmary and medical officer and public vaccinator for the third district of the Blackburn Union. Dr. Prebble had shown great interest in the work of the British Medical Association, which he joined immediately after graduation. He was a member of the Lancashire and Cheshire Branch Council for 1907-13 and from 1917 to 1923, the representative of the Division in the Representative Body for 1910-12 and again for 1919-23, and chairman of the Blackburn Division in 1914. He was also the representative of the town council on the Blackburn Insurance Committee. At the meeting of the Blackburn Insurance Committee on January 13th a vote of condolence with the relatives was passed. The funeral, which took place at Mellor on January 15th, was attended by many members of the profession and of representatives of the various bodies with which Dr. Prebble had been associated.

Medico-Legal.

REX v. BATEMAN.

AN application for leave to appeal has been lodged in the case of Rex v. Bateman, one of the grounds being misdirection of the jury by the judge. The hearing will take place in a fortnight's time.

Universities and Colleges.

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE.

At a congregation held on January 16th the following medical degrees were conferred:

M.D.—G. W. Theobald.
M.CHIR.—E. P. Brockman.
M.B., B.CHIR.—J. B. Leather, A. A. Lees, L. V. Snowman.
M.B.—H. W. H. Holmes.
B.CHIR.—J. Gray.

* Admitted by proxy.

UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW.

At the meeting of the Glasgow University Court on January 8th the Principal, Sir Donald MacAlister, announced that Mr. Lawrence MacBrayne had offered to found three scholarships, one each in engineering, medicine, and pure science. The scholarship in medicine is to be known as the Robine Eckford MacBrayne Scholarship in Medicine, and will be of the value of £50 per annum, tenable for three years; it will be competed for in 1925. It was also announced that Mr. MacBrayne had intimated his intention to give a donation of £1,250 to the Royal Infirmary for the endowment of a bed in the Infirmary in memory of his son, Lieutenant John Burns MacBrayne, 17th Highland Light Infantry, who was killed in the war.

UNIVERSITY OF ST. ANDREWS.

A GRADUATION ceremonial was held at St. Andrews on January 16th, when the following degrees and diplomas were conferred:

M.D.—L. H. Henderson, J. Singh.
CH.M.—T. J. Mitchell.
PH.D. (Faculty of Medicine).—G. R. Ross.
M.B., CH.B.—Ethel A. Adamson, M. L. Abuja, B. W. C. Archer, C. B. Armit, Margaret L. Buiet, W. R. C. Campbell, Winifred D. Cargill, A. F. D. Carrie, Janie S. Conway, D. B. Ferens, H. J. Fraser, D. B. Gillies, J. S. Gurawara, Margaret K. Heron, A. K. McCowan, F. D. MacGill, J. F. M'Hugh, S. R. M. Muckay, H. M'Leish, A. D. F. Menzies, Dorothy L. Millar, Katharine MacD. Morison, A. R. Munro, D. B. Smith, D. Stewart, Annie H. Surachan, E. A. Struthers, Laura W. Webster.
D.P.H.—A. J. Campbell, G. G. Buchanan, W. M. Cumming, Olive M. Whyte.

The Services.

NAVAL MEDICAL COMPASSIONATE FUND.

At the quarterly meeting of the directors of the Naval Medical Compassionate Fund, held on January 20th, when Surgeon Vice-Admiral Joseph Chambers, C.B., C.M.G., Medical Director-General of the Navy, was in the chair, the sum of £60 was distributed among the several applicants.

DEATHS IN THE SERVICES.

Lieut.-Colonel Louis William Swabey, R.A.M.C. (ret.), died at Bath on January 10th, aged 68. He was born in Canada, and was the son of the late Rev. Henry Birchfield Swabey. He was educated at St. George's, and took the M.R.C.S. in 1879 and the L.R.C.P.Ed. in 1880. He entered the army as surgeon on February 5th, 1881, became lieutenant-colonel after twenty years' service, and retired on February 5th, 1911. He served in the Egyptian war of 1882, receiving the medal and the Khedive's bronze star, and in the Sudan campaign of 1885, at Suakin, receiving a clasp. He also rejoined for service in the late war, from August 15th, 1914.