

became vacant, and he was selected to fill it. Here he found his life-work, and although he had many tempting offers to engage in private practice, for which he was eminently fitted, he refused to avail himself of these, preferring, with singular whole-heartedness, to devote himself to the interests of the Middlesex Hospital. Throughout his long term of office he enjoyed the complete confidence of the Board of Management, the staff, resident staff, officials, and nurses, to all of whom he was ever willing to render sympathetic assistance.

At his initiation to a great extent, and always guided by his counsel and careful supervision, many alterations and reforms were effected in the hospital, the nursing department, and in the school. Amongst these mention may be made of the Resident College for Students, the Trained Nurses Institute, the Convalescent Home at Clacton, the laundry at Hendon, the removal of the kitchens from the basement to the upper floor of the hospital, additional wards, the operating theatres and sterilizing apparatus, the New Cancer Wing and Cancer Research Laboratories. It may with truth be said that in every department of the hospital there are distinct and lasting evidences of Mr. Fardon's administrative energy and ability.

For several years he acted as Honorary Secretary to the Royal British Nurses Association, and was of great service in guiding the affairs of that body during a troubled period of its history.

It was close upon two years ago that it was discovered that Mr. Fardon had glycosuria, and in spite of careful dieting and treatment, signs of ageing and lessened vigour became increasingly apparent. In the summer of last year signs of pulmonary tuberculosis developed, and in spite of all that the best advice could suggest and careful attention provide the disease rapidly progressed. He was laid to rest in the churchyard of the old church of St. Lawrence on January 5th, and at the same time a memorial service was held in the Chapel of the Middlesex Hospital which was filled by a large and sorrowing congregation. Noticeable amongst these were His Excellency the Greek Minister, Lord Cheylesmore, and Lord Sandhurst, many members of the Weekly Board of Governors of the hospital, and of the staff and a large number of past and present students and nurses.

WILLIAM TRAVERS, M.D.DUR., M.R.C.P. EDIN.,
F.R.C.S. ENG.

WE regret to record the death, on December 17th, 1906, of Dr. Travers of Kensington, at the age of 68. He was the second son of the late Frederic Travers of Poole, Dorset; was privately educated, and was a pupil of the late Dr. Salter of Poole. He studied medicine at Charing Cross Medical School, and became L.S.A. in 1859, M.R.C.S. Eng. in 1860, L.R.C.P. Lond. in 1861, F.R.C.S. Eng. in 1864, M.R.C.P. Edin. in 1876, and M.D. Durham in 1879. After serving as House-Surgeon at Charing Cross Hospital in 1859, he succeeded the Founder as Resident Medical Officer, and held the post for six years. He commenced private practice in Kensington in 1866, and remained at work there until his death. He was Physician to the Chelsea Hospital for Women from 1883 to 1894. He was a member of the British Medical Association and a Fellow of the Medical Society of London, the Obstetrical, and Gynaecological Societies. Of the last of these he was one of the founders; he was a member of its Council from its inauguration, and for a few years Honorary Treasurer, being compelled by failing health to decline the Presidency. He was also a member of the Clinical Society and the West London Medico-Chirurgical Society (of which he had been President), and was one of the founders of the Anthropological Society. He had been a Freemason since 1865, was a Past Master and Father of St. Mary's Lodge, one of the founders of the Durham University Lodge, and of the Cavendish Chapter. Altogether he was a man of wide sympathies and keen activity, a charming companion, and was held in the highest repute by a large circle of patients and by his fellow practitioners.

Dr. Travers married, in 1869, Annie, daughter of the late Thomas Pocock, solicitor, of Bartholomew Close, E.C., and he leaves a widow, six sons, and a daughter. Of the sons, the eldest, Dr. F. T. Travers of Maidstone and Dr. E. F. Travers, who was his father's assistant, are in the medical profession.

The first part of the funeral service was held at St. Mary Abbott's Church, Kensington, where was a large congregation, including several medical friends of the deceased, amongst them being the President and several Past Presidents of the West London Medico-Chirurgical Society; the interment took place at Kensal Green Cemetery.

THE death took place on December 2nd, 1906, of Dr. ROBERT TRAVERS LEWIS, of Willingham, Cambridgeshire, at the comparatively early age of 47. Ever a lover and encourager of healthy outdoor pastimes, Dr. Lewis went to watch the football match at Cambridge between the University and the West of Scotland teams, and on his return home complained of feeling unwell. Shortly afterwards he developed acute pneumonia, and, in spite of the assistance rendered by specialists both from Cambridge and London, succumbed after a brief illness. Dr. Lewis, a Trinity College student, obtained his M.B. in Dublin in 1885, and in the year following became also B.S.; after a few years spent in practice in Ireland he settled at Willingham. There he was Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator of the First District of the Chesterton Union. He played such an active part in the general life of the village that his death leaves a gap which will not easily be filled. Gifted with no small share of humour and many other pleasant qualities he enjoyed much popularity among his patients and neighbours of all denominations, and he had long been a recognized leader both in the outdoor life and business affairs of the locality. The funeral took place on December 5th, the coffin being carried to the graveside by eighteen members of the local cricket club in relays and preceded by representatives of various local enterprises and the officials of several friendly societies. Dr. Lewis was a member of the Cambridge and Huntingdon Branch of the British Medical Association, and leaves a widow and four children.

MAJOR MAURICE O'CONNOR DRURY, Royal Army Medical Corps (retired), died at Cynghordy, Carmarthenshire, on December 18th, 1906, aged 49, from a gun accident. He joined the Army Medical Service as Surgeon, July 31st, 1880, and became Surgeon-Major, July 31st, 1892. He was at Suakin during the Soudan expedition in 1885, receiving a medal with clasp and the Khedive's bronze star; in the Burmese campaign in 1886-7, for which he was mentioned in dispatches; and in the South African war in 1899-1900, receiving the Queen's medal with two clasps.

DEATHS IN THE PROFESSION ABROAD.—Among the members of the medical profession in foreign countries who have recently died are: Dr. Alexander E. Macdonald, Professor of Psychological Medicine in the University of New York, and President of the American Medico-Psychological Association, aged 61; Dr. Alonzo Garcelon, a former President of the American Medical Association, and some time Governor of the State of Maine, aged 93; Dr. Henrotin, a leading gynaecologist of Chicago, aged 59; Dr. Alexei Jerojeff, Ordinator of the Moscow University Clinic, aged 43; Professor A. Buchwald, Lecturer on *Materia Medica* and Internal Medicine in the University of Breslau, aged 61; Dr. W. J. Herdman, Professor of Diseases of the Nervous System in the University of Michigan, aged 58; Dr. E. Hayoit de Termicourt, Professor of Forensic Medicine in the University of Louvain, Vice-President of the Belgian Academy of Medicine, author of textbooks of medical pathology and forensic medicine, and of monographs on albuminuric encephalopathy and the cephalic complications of dyspepsia, aged 74; and Dr. Francisco de Paula Fajardo, a leading clinician of Rio de Janeiro, author of numerous writings on bacteriological, epidemiological, and other subjects, aged 42.

WHAT is called an international course of forensic psychology and psychiatry is to be held in the University of Giessen during the week beginning April 15th. It is designed especially for lawyers and medical practitioners, and will include lectures and demonstrations, and every day one hour's free discussion, which may be carried on in German, French, or English. Further particulars can be obtained from Professor Dr. Sommer, Klinik für psychische und nervöse Krankheiten, Giessen.